वर्षम् - 0४ अङ्कः - 0४ जनवरी - दिसम्बर, 2022 शोधज्योतिः ISSN-2350-0700

Effectiveness of Modern Media Solutions Package for Teaching Reading Comprehension in Teaching of English Language and Communication Skills

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Abstract:

Educational systems around the world are increasing under pressure to use innovative methodologies and integrate new information and commu-nication technologies (ICIS) in the teaching and learning process, to teach students the knowledge and skills they need in the 21st century. Study made on. To develop Modern media solutions Assisted Language Learning Package to teach reading comprehension form supplementary reader "Grammar" and Study the effectiveness of area for teaching comprehension through modern media solutions package on the each College were taken into consideration for the present research. Hence total 240 students were selected among them 120 students were boys and 120 students were girl, as well as among them 120 students from the rural area and 120 students from the urban area were selected randomly. Treatment of the modern media solutions programme on the sample of male, female, rural habitat, urban habitat and Total sample students of the College of experimental group was found significantly higher than the students of control group of the College.

Key words:

Effectiveness of modern media solutions Package, Teaching Reading Comprehension, teaching of English language, communication skills

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INTRODUCTION:

Educational systems around the world are increasing under pressure to use innovative methodologies and integrate new information and communication technologies (ICIS) in the teaching and learning process, to teach students the knowledge and skills they need in the 21st century. With emerging new technologies, the teaching profession is evolving from an emphasis on teachercentered to student-centered. Technology can improve student achievement. Modern media solutionss have been used for language teaching ever since the 1960s. Modern media solutionss make excellent teaching tools, especially in teaching languages in any aspect like as vocabulary, grammar, composition, pronunciation or other linguistic and pragmatic communicative skills. Certain types of educational software can facilitate reading comprehension and vocabulary development and increase students; understanding of mathematical and scientific concepts. The present study was conducted to examine the effectiveness of modern media solutions in teaching reading comprehension in teaching of English language and communication skills language. Reading is one of the important aspects of education. The important factor of meaningful and cognitive development of the students is reading and reading comprehension. Therefore it is necessary for one to live well and let other live well. The researcher prepared a modern media solutions Assisted Language Learning Package for teaching of reading comprehension of In teaching of English language and communication skills language to assess its effectiveness as compared with conventional classroom teaching.

2 STAETEMENT OF THE PROBLEM:

The title of the present research was stated as...

Effectiveness of modern media solutions Package for Teaching Reading Comprehension in teaching of English language and communication skills

In the present study, the researcher had attempted to investigate effectiveness of modern media solutions Package for reading comprehension in teaching of English language and communication skills. Reading Comprehensions are selected from the for-college students supplementary

reader book "Grammar". For teaching Reading Comprehension, the researcher developed Slide Show in Power Point Presentation Package of MS office XP.

3 OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY:

The objectives of the present study were as follows:

- 1. To develop Modern media solutions Assisted Language Learning Package to teach reading comprehension form supplementary reader "Grammar".
- 2. To study the effectiveness of area for teaching comprehension through modern media solutions package.
- 3. To study the effectiveness of gender for teaching reading comprehension through modern media solutions package.
- 4. To compare the relative effectiveness of the modern media solutions package and the traditional approach in terms of scores obtained by students.
- 5. To develop teacher made achievement test for testing academic achievement of students.

4 HYPOTHESES:

- 1. There will be no significant difference between mean score of experimental group and control group of male students on of the College on post-test.
- 2. There will be no significant difference between mean score of experimental group and control group of female students on of the College on post-test.
- 3. There will be no significant difference between mean score of experimental group and control group of rural area habitat students on of the College on post-test.
- 4. There will be no significant difference between mean score of experimental group and control group of urban area habitat students on of the College on post-test.
- 5. There will be no significant difference between mean score of experimental group and control group of total students on of the College on post-test.

5 AREA OF THE STUDY:

In the present study, modern media solutions package was developed by the researcher on Power Point Presentation of MS office XP. The package was developed utilizing multi-media approach. selected reading comprehension form /Supplementary Reader book "Grammar" of for college students of In teaching of English language and communication skills language were the course content of the package. The present study was pertaining to the areas of educational technology and language learning.

6 POPULATIONS AND SAMPLE:

Population of the present study was students who were studying in the forcollege students of In teaching of English language and communication skills College of Kerala City in the year 2021-22. For the present study, the research selected two Colleges from Kheralu City by using purposive sampling method for selection of the sample. The researcher had selected 240 students by random sampling technique. From the both College two class were selected among one of them was considered as the experimental group and another was considered as the control group, as total two class of the experimental group from each College and two class of the control group from each College were taken into consideration for the present research. In this present research total two class of the (30 boys and 30 girls in each class) experimental group from each College and two class of the (30 boys and 30 girls in each class) control group from each College were taken into consideration for the present research. In this present research total two class of the (30 students from rural area and 30 from urban area in each class) experimental group from each College and two class of the (30 students from rural area and 30 from urban area in each class) control group from each College were taken into consideration for the present research. Hence total 240 students were selected among them 120 students were boys and 120 students were girl, as well as among them 120 students from the rural area and 120 students from the urban area were selected randomly.

7 RESEARCH METHOD

For the present study, the researcher selected experimental method as research method.

8 RESEARCH DESIGN

The prevent research design was pre-experimental design. The researcher has selected 'static experimental group - control group, posttest only design' for the research, Replication of the experimental was also done on the same footing on the students of other College.

9 ANALYSES OF DATA

In this present research total five interpretations of the hypotheses as under below on two different groups

Effect posttest on male gender, female gender, rural habitat, urban habitat and total students of the College.

10 FINDINGS OF THE STUDY

TABLE: 1

Mean SD and t-Value on the different sample of the Experimental and control group on modern media solutions Package

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Sr. No	Variable	Group	N	Mean	Sd	Sed	t-Value	SIG
1	Male	Experiment	60	86.88	9.65	1.25	15.47	SIG
		Control	60	67.54	10.23			
2	Female	Experiment	60	84.44	9.38	1.21	14.43	SIG
		Control	60	66.98	10.15			
3	Rural	Experiment	60	88.65	9.85	1.27	15.54	SIG
			Control		60	68.92	10.44	
4	Urban	Experiment	60	86.16	9.57	1.24	14.36	SIG
		Control	60	68.35	10.36			
5	Total	Experiment	120	90.46	10.0	50.92	23.41	SIG
		Control	120	68.92	10.44			

From the above table it can be observed that the mean score and SD of the male students of experiment group of the College were found 86.88 and 9.65

respectively, while mean score and SD of the male students of control group of the College were found 67.54 and 10.23 respectively on the post test of modern media solutions. Calculated t- value is found to be 15.47 and it is significant at 0.01 level of the significance. Mean score of the Male students of experimental group of the College were found significantly higher than the mean score of male students of control group of the College on the post test of modern media solutions Programme, at 0.01-level of significance. So, Hypotheses: 1 is accepted and it is conclude that the treatment of the modern media solutions programme on the sample of Male students of experimental group was found significantly higher than the sample of male students of control group of the College.

From the above table it can be observed that the mean score and SD of the female students of experiment group of the College were found 84.44 and 9.38 respectively, while mean score and SD of the female students of control group of the College were found 66.98 and 10.15 respectively on the post test of modern media solutions. Calculated t- value is found to be 14.43 and it is significant at 0.01 level of the significance. Mean score of the Female students of experimental group of the College were found significantly higher than the mean score of female students of control group of the College on the post test of modern media solutions Programme, at 0.01-level of significance. So, Hypotheses: 2 is accepted and it is conclude that the treatment of the modern media solutions programme on the sample of Female students of experimental group was found significantly higher than the sample of female students of control group of the College.

From the above table it can be observed that the mean score and SD of the rural area habitat students of experiment group of the College were found 88.65 and 9.85 respectively, while mean score and SD of the rural area habitat students of control group of the College were found 68.92 and 10.44 respectively on the post test of modern media solutions. Calculated t- value is found to be 15.54 and it is significant at 0.01 level of the significance. Mean score of the Rural area habitat students of experimental group of the College were found significantly higher than the mean score of rural area habitat students of control group of the College on the post test of modern media solutions Programme, at

0.01-level of significance. So, Hypotheses: 3 is accepted and it is conclude that the treatment of the modern media solutions programme on the sample of Rural area habitat students of experimental group was found significantly higher than the sample of rural area habitat students of control group of the College.

From the above table it can be observed that the mean score and SD of the urban area habitat students of experiment group of the College were found 86.16 and 9.57 respectively, while mean score and SD of the urban area habitat students of control group of the College were found 68.35 and 10.36 respectively on the post test of modern media solutions. Calculated t- value is found to be 14.36 and it is significant at 0.01 level of the significance. Mean score of the Urban area habitat students of experimental group of the College were found significantly higher than the mean score of urban area habitat students of control group of the College on the post test of modern media solutions Programme, at 0.01-level of significance. So, Hypotheses: 4 is accepted and it is conclude that the treatment of the modern media solutions programme on the sample of Urban area habitat students of experimental group was found significantly higher than the sample of urban area habitat students of control group of the College.

From the above table it can be observed that the mean score and SD of the total sample students of experiment group of the College were found 60.46 and 10.05 respectively, while mean score and SD of the total sample students of control group of the College were found 68.92 and 10.44 respectively on the post test of modern media solutions. Calculated t- value is found to be 23.41 and it is significant at 0.01 level of the significance. Mean score of the total sample students of experimental group of the College were found significantly higher than the mean score of total sample students of control group of the College on the post test of modern media solutions Programme, at 0.01-level of significance. So, Hypotheses: 5 is accepted and it is conclude that the treatment of the modern media solutions programme on the sample of Total sample students of experimental group was found significantly higher than the sample of Total sample students of control group of the College.

11 CONCLUSIONS:

From the above research it is conclude that treatment of the modern media solutions programme on the sample of male, female, rural habitat, urban habitat and Total sample students of the College of experimental group was found significantly higher than the students of control group of the College.

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